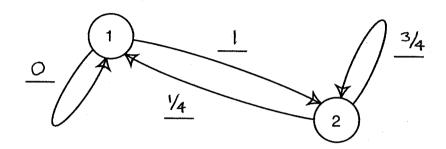
1) Given below is, P, the transition matrix for a Markov process with two states (states 1 and 2):

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & 2 \\
1 & 0 & 1 \\
2 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

a) (15 PTS.) Fill in the blanks below, so that the diagram given below is the transition diagram that corresponds to the transition matrix given above.



b) (15 PTS.) Find the probability that the system will be in state two after 2 transitions, if it starts out in state 1.

$$P_{1/2}(2) = (P^2)_{1/2} = \left[\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1/4 & 3/4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1/4 & 3/4 \end{pmatrix} \right]_{1/2} = \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1/4 & 3/4 \\ 3/16 \end{pmatrix} \right]_{1/2}$$

$$1/2 \text{ ENTRY} = 3/4$$

ANSWER: 3/4

OR USE A TREE

O

1

2

0.1 = 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ 3

SUM OF V+V = $\frac{3}{4}$

FOR SEVERAL TRANSITIONS
THE METHOD ABOVE WORKS
BETTER

Answer:Pr[State2] =

1) cont'd
$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

c) (15 PTS.) Find a stable vector $w = (w_1, w_2)$ for the transition matrix P.

$$\Rightarrow \times \cdot 0 + (1-x) \cdot \frac{1}{4} = X$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}x = X$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{4} \chi$$

CHECK:
$$(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5}) \left(\frac{0}{\frac{1}{4}}\right) = (\frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5})$$

Answer:
$$w = (\frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5})$$

d) (5 PTS.) Find a stable vector, $w = (w_1, w_2)$, for P^2 .

Answer:
$$w = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$